



LLANO COUNTY, TEXAS

Fraud, Waste and Abuse Policy

OVERVIEW

The County of Llano is committed to the safeguarding of public assets and preventing fraud, waste and abuse. All County employees, as public stewards must share in this commitment. County employees, especially supervisors and department heads/elected officials, must be aware of the circumstances, or “red flags”, which may potentially lead to fraud. For the purpose of this administrative procedure, fraud, waste and abuse are referred to as “fraud.”

PURPOSE

The purpose of this document is to communicate the County’s policy regarding the deterrence and investigation of suspected misconduct and dishonesty by employees and others concerning fraud, waste and abuse, and to provide specific instructions regarding appropriate action in the event of suspected violations. Fraud not only involves loss of revenue, but decreased morale and productivity.

SCOPE

This policy applies to any fraud, or suspected fraud, involving employees, department heads, officials, consultants, vendors, contractors, and any other parties with a business relationship with Llano County.

GOAL

It is the intent of this policy to establish and maintain a fair, ethical, and honest business environment for all County employees, customers, suppliers and anyone else with whom the County has a relationship.

DEFINITIONS

Fraud – Fraud encompasses an array of irregularities and illegal acts characterized by internal or external deception. It can be perpetrated for the benefit of, or to the detriment of, the County; and by persons outside as well as inside the County. Examples of fraud include, but are not limited to the following:

- Stealing, misappropriation of funds, supplies, etc.
- Forgery or unauthorized alteration of any document
- Intentional misrepresentation by County personnel regarding payroll records or the payroll records of others

- Knowingly making a false entry in, or false alteration of a governmental record
- Making, presenting, or using any record, document, or thing with the knowledge that it is false
- Intentional destruction, concealment, removal or other impairment to the verity, legibility, or availability of a government record
- Processing, selling, or offering to sell a governmental record or a blank governmental record form with the intent that it be used unlawfully, or with the knowledge that it was obtained unlawfully
- Using or claiming to hold an educational degree that is fraudulent, fictitious, or has been revoked, with the intent to obtain employment, promotion, or other benefit
- Credit card abuse or falsification of transaction
- Making a false statement to obtain money, property, credit, or services
- Fraudulent transfer of a motor vehicle
- Securing execution of a document by deception
- Fraudulent destruction, removal, or concealment of a document
- Simulating legal process
- Fraudulent use or possession of identifying information without that person's consent
- Stealing an unsigned check or receiving an unsigned check with the intent to use it or sell

Waste – Waste is defined as intentional or negligent harmful or destructive use of property under one's control. Waste may also be referred to as the unnecessary incurring of costs as a result of inefficient practices, systems or controls. Examples of waste include, but are not limited to the following:

- Damaging, destroying, or ruining materials or equipment
- Improper maintenance or intentional mistreatment of equipment
- Purchase of unneeded supplies or equipment
- Purchase of goods at inflated prices
- Failure to reuse or recycle major resources or reduce waste generation

Abuse – Abuse refers to violations and circumventions of departmental or county regulations which impair the effective and efficient execution of operations. Some examples of abuse are as follows:

- Unauthorized use of County equipment or supplies for non-County purposes, including but not limited to, computers, vehicles, software, databases, etc.
- An employee using non-confidential personal information on citizens to obtain new customers for his/her outside business
- Improper handling or reporting of money or a financial transaction
- Profiting by self or other as a result of inside knowledge
- Destruction or intentional disappearance of records, furniture, fixtures or equipment
- Accepting or seeking anything of material value from vendors or persons providing services or material to the County for personal benefit
- Abuse of purchase order authority, such as false travel or expense reports

DETERRENCE

Deterrence consists of those actions taken to discourage the perpetration of fraud and limit the exposure if fraud does occur. Elected Officials/Department Heads are responsible for the implementation and

maintenance of effective internal controls. The Auditor's Office is responsible for assisting in the deterrence of fraud by examining and evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls.

Fraud occurs for the following reason:

1. Poor internal controls, especially disregard for set policies and procedures
2. Management override of internal controls
3. Collusion between employees and /or third parties
4. Poor or non-existing ethical standards
5. Lack of control over staff by their supervisors

"RED FLAGS"

The most frequently cited "red flags" of fraud are:

1. Changes in an employee's lifestyle, spending habits or behavior
2. Poorly written or poorly enforced internal controls, procedures, policies or security
3. Irregular/unexplained, variances in financial information
4. Inventory shortages
5. Failure to take action on results of internal/external audits or reviews
6. Unusually high expenses or purchases
7. Frequent complaints from customers and/or employees
8. Missing files
9. Ignored employee comments concerning possible fraud
10. Refusal to leave custody of records during the day by the employee
11. Working excessive overtime and refusing to take vacation time off

FRAUD PREVENTION

The following internal controls should minimize the risks and help prevent fraud:

1. Detailed written policies and procedures and adherence to all policies and procedures, especially those concerning documentation and authorization of transactions.
2. Physical security and controlled access over assets such as locking doors and restricting access to certain areas.
3. Proper training of employees.
4. Independent review and monitoring of tasks by the department supervisor, such as approval processing of select items.
5. Separation of duties so that no one employee is responsible for a transaction from start to finish.
6. Clear lines of authority.
7. Conflict of interest statements which are enforced.
8. Rotation of duties in positions more susceptible to fraud.
9. Ensuring that employees take regular vacations.
10. Regular independent audits of areas susceptible to fraud.

REPORTING FRAUD

If an employee suspects that fraud is being committed within the County, then the employee should report it to any of the following:

- The immediate supervisor;
- Department Head/Elected Official;
- County Auditor by phone at 325-247-2840; via e-mail at cindy.lent@co.llano.tx.us; or by mail to the County Auditor;
- County Attorney 325-247-7733
- The supervisor, department head/elected official shall immediately submit reports of fraud to the County Auditor.

At any time, an employee may communicate directly with the County Auditor to report fraud and the employee will have the option to remain anonymous. Every attempt will be made to protect the identity of the reporting individual. The County Auditor is committed to protecting the employee's identity and confidentiality to the extent allowed by law.

Due to the important yet sensitive nature of the suspected violation, effective professional follow-up is critical. Managers may perform investigative research to better understand the violation; however, they are encouraged to refer it immediately to the County Auditor for further research on the matter. All relevant matters, including suspected but unproven matters, should be referred immediately to those with follow-up responsibility.

If members of the public suspect that fraud is being committed within the County, they may report it to:

The County Auditor's Office

or

The County Attorney
325-247-7733

RETALIATION

An employee who believes that he or she has experienced retaliation for making a report or assisting in an investigation shall report this as soon as possible to the County Auditor at 325-247-2840 or County Attorney at 325-247-7733.

REPORTING UNETHICAL BEHAVIOR

Employees are encouraged to seek advice from the County Attorney when faced with uncertain ethical decisions. The County Attorney is responsible for the administration, revision, interpretation, and application of this policy. The policy will be reviewed annually and revised as necessary.

DUTY TO REPORT

Local public officials, County officials, County employees, and all other who are subject to this policy have a duty to report violations of this policy and to cooperate in investigations, inquiries, and hearings conducted by the County. However, a person making false reports shall be subject to disciplinary action if he or she report information which he or she knows to be false or which he or she discloses with reckless disregard for its truth.

NO COERCION

No County official or employee shall directly or indirectly use or threaten to use any official authority or any influence in any manner whatsoever, which tends to discourage, restrain, deter, prevent, interfere with, coerce, or discriminate against any person who in good faith reports, discloses, divulges, or provides any facts or information relative to an actual or suspected violation of this policy or other state, federal, or local laws.

CONSEQUENCES

County Department Heads found to have violated this policy will be subject to discipline by the Commissioners Court Administrator, or the Board to which they report to, up to and including termination in accordance with the procedures under which a department head may otherwise be disciplined.

County employees found to have violated this policy will be subject to discipline by their department head or elected official regarding violations of this policy, up to and including termination in accordance with the procedure under which the employee may otherwise be disciplined.

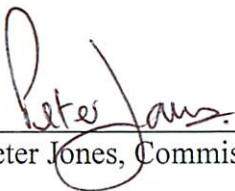
Parties doing business with the County, including vendors, consultants, contractors or their principals and employees, found to have violated this policy will be subject to termination of any business relationship with the County and exclusion from further business opportunities with the County.

Nothing in this policy prevents the County from referring its findings to the appropriate law enforcement authority.

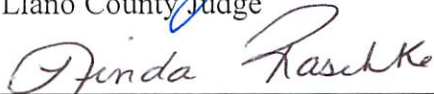
Approved: March 27, 2017



Mary Cunningham, Llano County Judge



Peter Jones, Commissioner Pct #1



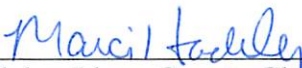
Linda Raschke, Commissioner Pct #2



Mike Sandoval, Commissioner Pct #3



Jerry Don Moss, Commissioner Pct #4

ATTEST: 

Marci Hadeler, Llano County Clerk